

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC.

FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

		FORM 10-Q			
X	QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE SECURITIES EXC	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1 CHANGE ACT OF 1934	15(d)		
	For quart	erly period ended: March 31, 2008			
		OR			
	TRANSITION REPORT OF THE SECURITIES EXC	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1 CHANGE ACT OF 1934	15(d)		
	For the tr	ransition period from to			
	Con	nmission File Number: 1-4221			
		RICH & PAYNE, INC. of registrant as specified in its charter)			
	Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		3-0679879 bloyer I.D. Number)		
		oulder Avenue, Tulsa, Oklahoma, 74119 F principal executive office)(Zip Code)			
	(Registrant's	(918) 742-5531 telephone number, including area code)			
		N/A e, former address and former fiscal year, f changed since last report)			
of 1934 during the	preceding 12 months (or for such shorte	all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or period that the registrant was required to file			
subject to such fill	ng requirements for the past 90 days.		Y	es 🗵	No 🗆
Indicate by check company. See the Act. (Check one):	mark whether the registrant is a large ac definitions of "large accelerated filer",	celerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-acce 'accelerated filer" and "small reporting compa	lerated filer, or a small any" in Rule 12b-2 of the	reportin e Excha	g ange
Large accelerated	l filer ⊠	Accelerated filer			
Non-accelerated (Do not check if a	filer smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	0		
Indicate by check	mark whether the registrant is a shell con	mpany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Excha	_	es 🗆	No ⊠
	CLASS	OUTSTAN	DING AT April 30, 2008		
Common	Stock, \$0.10 par value	1	104,328,568		
		Total Nu	imber of Pages - 33		

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		March 31, 2008	S	eptember 30, 2007
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,736	\$	89,215
Accounts receivable, less reserve of \$3,641 at March 31, 2008 and \$2,957 at September 30, 2007		361,253		339,819
Inventories		33,499		29,145
Deferred income tax		17,534		11,559
Prepaid expenses and other		40,963		29,226
Total current assets		543,985		498,964
Investments		205,660		223,360
Property, plant and equipment, net		2,395,862		2,152,616
Other assets		10,611		10,429
Total assets	\$	3,156,118	\$	2,885,369
LIADH ITHECAND CHADEHOLDEDC, EQUITY				
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	110,865	\$	124,556
Accrued liabilities	Ф	100,803	Ф	102,056
Total current liabilities		210,996	_	226,612
Noncurrent liabilities:				
		490,000		445,000
Long-term notes payable Deferred income taxes		480,000 404,534		445,000 363,534
Other		46,508		34,707
Total noncurrent liabilities		931,042	_	843,241
		<u> </u>		,
Shareholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$.10 par value, 160,000,000 shares authorized, 107,057,904 shares issued		10,706		10,706
Preferred stock, no par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued				
Additional paid-in capital		152,040		143,146
Retained earnings		1,841,218		1,645,766
Accumulated other comprehensive income		58,695		75,885
Treasury stock, at cost		(48,579)		(59,987)
Total shareholders' equity		2,014,080		1,815,516
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	3,156,118	\$	2,885,369

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mor Marc		Marcl				ed
		2008		2007		2008		2007
Operating revenues:								
Drilling – U.S. Land	\$	365,263	\$	269,145	\$	712,907	\$	539,045
Drilling – Offshore	Ψ	29,789	Ψ	28,703	Ψ	57,070	Ψ	64,457
Drilling – International Land		75,757		71,950		154,359		149,796
Real Estate		2,835		2,738		5,971		5,637
		473,644		372,536		930,307		758,935
Operating costs and other:								
Operating costs, excluding depreciation		253,958		199,456		489,753		398,923
Depreciation		51,872		32,952		95,856		63,103
General and administrative		14,090		13,350		27,993		23,963
Gain from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets				(5,170)		(4,810)		(5,170)
Income from asset sales		(1,946)		(32,336)		(2,788)		(32,822)
		317,974		208,252		606,004		447,997
Operating income		155,670		164,284		324,303		310,938
Operating meome		155,070		104,204		324,303		310,730
Other income (expense):								
Interest and dividend income		1,220		1,034		2,335		2,278
Interest expense		(4,773)		(1,913)		(9,604)		(2,832)
Gain on sale of investment securities		5,476		177		5,606		26,514
Other		180		66		(436)		130
		2,103		(636)		(2,099)		26,090
Income before income taxes and equity in income of affiliate		157,773		163,648		322,204		337,028
income before meome taxes and equity in meome of arrinate		137,773		103,040		322,204		337,020
Income tax provision		58,784		59,338		118,930		123,436
Equity in income of affiliate net of income taxes		3,065		2,551		6,610		4,055
NET INCOME	\$	102,054	\$	106,861	\$	209,884	\$	217,647
Earnings per common share:								
Basic	\$.98	\$	1.04	\$	2.02	\$	2.11
Diluted	\$.96	\$	1.04	\$	1.98	\$	2.11
Diluted	φ	.90	Ф	1.02	Ф	1.70	Ф	2.00
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic		103,883		103,239		103,695		103,276
Diluted		106,090		104,832		105,740		104,841
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.0450	\$	0.0450	\$	0.0900	\$	0.0900
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.								

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Six	Six Months Ended March 31,				
	2008		2007			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Net income	\$ 209	,884 \$	217,647			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		,856	63,103			
Provision for bad debt		688	99			
Equity in income of affiliate before income taxes		,662)	(6,540)			
Stock-based compensation		,712	3,560			
Gain on sale of investment securities		,476)	(26,376)			
Gain from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets	(4,	,810)	(5,170)			
Income from sale of assets	(2,	,788)	(32,822)			
Deferred income tax expense	42,	,029	27,354			
Change in assets and liabilities-						
Accounts receivable	(25.	,809)	(21,115)			
Inventories		,354)	140			
Prepaid expenses and other		,919)	(18,566)			
Accounts payable		,994)	34,920			
Accrued liabilities		,195)	8,792			
Deferred income taxes		,244	2,416			
Other noncurrent liabilities		,849	(1,577)			
Other honeurent habilities		<u></u>	(1,577)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	263,	,255	245,865			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital expenditures	(321,	711)	(433,900)			
Insurance proceeds from involuntary conversion		,500	5,170			
Proceeds from sale of investments		,769	84,812			
Proceeds from asset sales		,668	37,947			
Other	5,	,000	214			
	(201	774)				
Net cash used in investing activities	(301,	(1/4)	(305,757)			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Repurchase of common stock			(17,621)			
Decrease in notes payable		_	(3,721)			
Proceeds from line of credit	1,710		305,000			
Payments on line of credit	(1,675,	,000)	(150,000)			
Decrease in bank overdraft		_	(10,195)			
Dividends paid	(9,	,354)	(9,311)			
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		,284	872			
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		,110	155			
Net cash provided by financing activities		,040	115,179			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1	,521	55,287			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		,215	33,853			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		,736 \$	89,140			
Cash and Cash equivalents, end of period	<u>o</u> 90,	<u>,730 p</u>	09,140			

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Comm	on Stock	 ditional aid-In	Retained		Accumulated Other omprehensive	Treasi	ıry Stock	Total Shareholders'
	Shares	Amount	apital	Earnings	_	Income	Shares	Amount	Equity
Balance, September 30, 2007	107,058	\$ 10,706	\$ 143,146	\$ 1,645,766	\$	75,885	3,573	(59,987)	\$ 1,815,516
Adjustment to initially apply FASB Interpretation No. 48				(5,048)					(5,048)
Comprehensive Income:									
Net income				209,884					209,884
Other comprehensive income, Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities (net of \$8,402 income tax), net of realized gains									
included in net income of \$3,476						(17,186)			(17,186)
1,						(, , , , ,			(', ', ',
Amortization of net periodic benefit costs-net actuarial gain (net of \$2 income tax)						(4)			(4)
Total comprehensive income						(4)			192,694
Total comprehensive income									172,074
Capital adjustment of equity investee			1,441						1,441
Cash dividends (\$0.090 per share)			-,	(9,384)					(9,384)
Exercise of stock options			(3,068)	,			(677)	11,352	8,284
Tax benefit of stock-based awards, including excess tax									
benefits of \$6,110			6,865						6,865
Treasury stock issued for vested restricted stock			(56)				(3)	56	_
Stock-based compensation			 3,712						3,712
Balance, March 31, 2008	107,058	\$ 10,706	\$ 152,040	\$ 1,841,218	\$	58,695	2,893	(48,579)	\$ 2,014,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") pertaining to interim financial information. Accordingly, these interim financial statements do not include all information or footnote disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements and, therefore should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K and other current filings with the Commission. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of those of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly the results of the periods presented have been included. The results of operations for the interim periods presented may not necessarily be indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Certain amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. Specifically, fiscal year 2007 operating revenues for Drilling-Offshore and for Drilling-International Land have been restated to reflect a reclassification between those two segments.

2. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share includes the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock.

A reconciliation of the weighted-average common shares outstanding on a basic and diluted basis is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Month March		Six Months March	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Basic weighted average shares Effect of dilutive shares:	103,883	103,239	103,695	103,276
Stock options and restricted stock	2,207	1,593	2,045	1,565
Diluted weighted average shares	106,090	104,832	105,740	104,841

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2008, options to purchase 710,000 shares of common stock were outstanding but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. Inclusion of these shares would be antidilutive.

For the three months ended March 31, 2007, options to purchase 605,511 shares of common stock were outstanding but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. Inclusion of these shares would be antidilutive.

For the six months ended March 31, 2007, options to purchase 1,332,036 shares of common stock were outstanding but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. Inclusion of these shares would be antidilutive.

3. Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of replacement parts and supplies held for use in the Company's drilling operations.

4. Investments

The following is a summary of available-for-sale securities, which excludes those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, investments in limited partnerships carried at cost and assets held in a Non-qualified Supplemental Savings Plan.

	 Cost	U	Gross nrealized Gains	Unre	oss alized sses	 Est. Fair Value
			(in tho	ısands)		
Equity Securities 03/31/08	\$ 9,035	\$	89,927	\$	_	\$ 98,962
Equity Securities 09/30/07	\$ 11,329	\$	117,646	\$	_	\$ 128,975

The investment in the limited partnership carried at cost was \$12.4 million at March 31, 2008 and September 30, 2007. The estimated fair value of the investments carried at cost was \$20.2 million and \$22.3 million at March 31, 2008 and September 30, 2007, respectively. The assets held in the Non-qualified Supplemental Savings Plan are valued at fair market which totaled \$7.1 million at March 31, 2008 and \$7.8 million at September 30, 2007. The recorded amounts for investments accounted for under the equity method are \$87.2 million and \$74.2 million at March 31, 2008 and September 30, 2007, respectively. During the six months ended March 31, 2008, the Company increased the equity investment \$2.3 million (\$1.4 million, net of tax) to account for capital transactions of the equity investee.

5. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income, net of related income taxes, is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mon Marc		Six Mont	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net Income	\$ 102,054	\$ 106,861	\$ 209,884	\$ 217,647
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on securities	(13,719)	10,402	(22,112)	10,550
Income taxes	5,213	(3,952)	8,402	(4,008)
	(8,506)	6,450	(13,710)	6,542
Reclassification of realized gains in net income	(5,476)	(177)	(5,606)	(26,514)
Income taxes	2,081	67	2,130	10,075
	(3,395)	(110)	(3,476)	(16,439)
Minimum pension liability adjustments	(3)	_	(6)	<u> </u>
Income taxes	1	_	2	_
	(2)		(4)	_
Total comprehensive income	\$ 90,151	\$ 113,201	\$ 192,694	\$ 207,750

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of related income taxes, are as follows (in thousands):

	rch 31, 2008	Septe	ember 30, 2007
Unrealized appreciation on securities, net	\$ 55,755	\$	72,941
Minimum pension liability	2,940		2,944
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 58,695	\$	75,885

6. Financial Instruments

During the six months ended March 31, 2007, the Company liquidated its position in auction rate securities with no realized gains or losses. The proceeds of \$48.3 million were included in the sale of investments under investing activities on the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows. There were no purchases or sales of auction rate securities in the six months ended March 31, 2008.

Cash Dividends

The \$0.045 cash dividend declared December 4, 2007, was paid March 3, 2008. On March 5, 2008, a cash dividend of \$0.045 per share was declared for shareholders of record on May 15, 2008, payable June 2, 2008.

8. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has one plan providing for common-stock based awards to employees and to non-employee Directors. The plan permits the granting of various types of awards including stock options and restricted stock awards. Restricted stock may be granted for no consideration other than prior and future services. The purchase price per share for stock options may not be less than market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant. Stock options expire ten years after the grant date. Vesting requirements are determined by the Human Resources Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. Readers should refer to Note 5 of the consolidated financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007 for additional information related to stock-based compensation.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes formula to estimate the value of stock options granted. The fair value of the options is amortized to compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods of the stock awards, which are generally the vesting periods. The Company has the right to satisfy option exercises from treasury shares and from authorized but unissued shares.

During the six months ended March 31, 2007, the Company repurchased 681,900 shares of its common stock at an aggregate cost of \$15.9 million. The Company has not repurchased any common stock during fiscal 2008 but may repurchase additional shares if the share price is favorable.

A summary of compensation cost for stock-based payment arrangements recognized in general and administrative expense and cash received from the exercise of stock options is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,					Six Mont Marc	hs En ch 31,	ded	
	2008			2007	2008			2007	
Compensation expense									
Stock options	\$	1,468	\$	1,382	\$	3,165	\$	2,890	
Restricted stock		185		343		547		670	
	\$	1,653	\$	1,725	\$	3,712	\$	3,560	
After-tax stock based compensation	\$	1,025	\$	1,069	\$	2,302	\$	2,207	
Per basic share	\$.01	\$.01	\$.02	\$.02	
Per diluted share	\$.01	\$.01	\$.02	\$.02	
Cash received from exercise of stock options	\$	6,919	\$	401	\$	8,284	\$	872	

STOCK OPTIONS

The following summarizes the weighted-average assumptions utilized in determining the fair value of options granted during the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007:

	2008	2007
Risk-free interest rate	3.3%	4.6%
Expected stock volatility	31.1%	35.9%
Dividend yield	.5%	.7%
Expected term (in years)	4.8	5.5

Risk-Free Interest Rate. The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury securities for the expected term of the option.

Expected Volatility Rate. Expected volatility is based on the daily closing price of the Company's stock based upon historical experience over a period which approximates the expected term of the option.

Dividend Yield. The expected dividend yield is based on the Company's current dividend yield.

Expected Term. The expected term of the options granted represents the period of time that they are expected to be outstanding. The Company estimates the expected term of options granted based on historical experience with grants and exercises.

A summary of stock option activity under the Plan for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 is presented in the following tables:

March 31, 2008 Options	,					
Outstanding at January 1, 2008	6,657	\$	18.02			
Granted						
Exercised	(560)		12.36			
Forfeited/Expired	(77)		26.42			
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	6,020	\$	18.44	5.70	\$	171,134
Vested and expected to vest at March 31, 2008	5,988	\$	18.37	5.68	\$	170,686
Exercisable at March 31, 2008	4,375	\$	14.16	4.56	\$	143,135
March 31, 2007 Options	Shares (in thousands)		Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term		aggregate Intrinsic Value thousands)
Options	~	\$	Average Exercise	Average Remaining Contractual		Intrinsic Value
,	(in thousands)		Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual		Intrinsic Value
Options Outstanding at January 1, 2007	(in thousands) 6,307		Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual		Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2007 Granted	(in thousands) 6,307 2		Average Exercise Price 15.72 27.45	Average Remaining Contractual		Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2007 Granted Exercised	(in thousands) 6,307 2 (33)		Average Exercise Price 15.72 27.45 12.02	Average Remaining Contractual		Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2007 Granted Exercised Forfeited/Expired	(in thousands) 6,307 2 (33) (5) 6,271	\$	Average Exercise Price 15.72 27.45 12.02 28.90 15.74	Average Remaining Contractual Term	(in	Intrinsic Value thousands)
Options Outstanding at January 1, 2007 Granted Exercised Forfeited/Expired Outstanding at March 31, 2007	(in thousands) 6,307 2 (33) (5)	\$	Average Exercise Price 15.72 27.45 12.02 28.90	Average Remaining Contractual Term	<u>(in</u>	Intrinsic Value thousands)

A summary of stock option activity under the Plan for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 is presented in the following table:

	Six months ended March 31,							
	200) 8		2007				
	Shares (in thousands)		Veighted- Average Exercise Price	Shares (in thousands)	A: E:	eighted- verage xercise Price		
Outstanding at October 1,	6,032	\$	15.80	5,619	\$	14.24		
Granted	742		35.11	731		26.90		
Exercised	(677)		12.25	(74)		10.62		
Forfeited/Expired	(77)		26.42	(5)		28.90		
Outstanding at March 31,	6,020	\$	18.44	6,271	\$	15.72		

The weighted-average fair value of options granted in the first quarter of fiscal 2008 was \$10.81. No options were granted in the second quarter of fiscal 2008. The weighted-average fair value of options granted in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 was \$10.36 and the weighted-average fair value of options granted in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 was \$9.11.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and six months ended March 31, 2008 was \$17.3 and \$20.2 million respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and six months ended March 31, 2007 was \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2008, the unrecognized compensation cost related to the stock options was \$14.9 million. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.8 years.

RESTRICTED STOCK

Restricted stock awards consist of the Company's common stock and are time vested over 3-5 years. The Company recognizes compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The fair value of restricted stock awards is determined based on the closing trading price of the Company's shares on the grant date. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of shares granted for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$35.19 and \$26.90, respectively.

A summary of the status of the Company's restricted stock awards as of March 31, 2008 and 2007, and changes during the six months then ended is presented below:

	Six months ended March 31,								
	200	800		2007					
Restricted Stock Awards	Weighted- Average Shares Grant-Date (in thousands) Fair Value			Shares (in thousands)		Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Value			
Unvested at October 1,	240	\$	29.27	213	\$	29.57			
Granted	22		35.19	27		26.90			
Vested	(3)		16.01	_		_			
Forfeited	(14)		30.24	_		_			
Unvested at March 31,	245	\$	29.92	240	\$	29.27			

As of March 31, 2008, there was \$4.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock options granted under the Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.0 years.

9. Notes Payable and Long-term Debt

At March 31, 2008, the Company had the following unsecured long-term debt outstanding:

Maturity Date	Interest Rate
Fixed rate debt:	
August 15, 2009	5.91% \$ 25,000,000
August 15, 2012	6.46% 75,000,000
August 15, 2014	6.56% 75,000,000
Senior credit facility:	
December 18, 2011	2.95%-3.44% 305,000,000
	\$ 480,000,000

The terms of the fixed rate debt obligations require the Company to maintain a minimum ratio of debt to total capitalization.

The Company has an agreement with a multi-bank syndicate for a \$400 million senior unsecured credit facility which matures December 2011. While the Company has the option to borrow at the prime rate for maturities of less than 30 days, the Company anticipates that the majority of all of the borrowings over the life of the facility will accrue interest at a spread over LIBOR. The Company pays a commitment fee based on the unused balance of the facility. The spread over LIBOR as well as the commitment fee is determined according to a scale based on a ratio of the Company's total debt to total capitalization. The LIBOR spread ranges from .30 percent to .45 percent depending on the ratios. At March 31, 2008, the LIBOR spread on borrowings was .35 percent and the commitment fee was .075 percent per annum.

Financial covenants in the facility require the Company to maintain a funded leverage ratio (as defined) of less than 50 percent and an interest coverage ratio (as defined) of not less than 3.00 to 1.00. The facility contains additional terms, conditions, and restrictions that the Company believes are usual and customary in unsecured debt arrangements for companies that are similar in size and credit quality. At March 31, 2008, the Company had three letters of credit totaling \$25.9 million under the facility and had \$305 million borrowed against the facility with \$69.1 million available to borrow. The advances bear interest ranging from 2.95 percent to 3.44 percent.

The Company also has an agreement with a single bank for an unsecured line of credit for \$5 million. Pricing on the line of credit is prime minus 1.75 percent. The covenants and other terms and conditions are similar to the aforementioned senior credit facility except that there is no commitment fee. At March 31, 2008, the Company had no outstanding borrowings against this line.

The Company maintains a \$5 million unsecured credit facility with a financial institution which it uses to issue letters of credit in order to obtain surety bonds for its international operations. At March 31, 2008, the letters of credit outstanding totaled \$4.4 million.

10. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate for the first six months of fiscal 2008 and 2007 was 36.9 percent and 36.6 percent, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was 37.3 percent and 36.3 percent, respectively. The effective rate differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35.0 percent primarily due to state and foreign taxes.

The Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48") on October 1, 2007. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting and disclosure requirements for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires a two-step approach to evaluate tax positions and determine if they should be recognized. The first step is recognition based on a determination of whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. In evaluating whether a tax position has met the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the enterprise should presume that the position will be examined by the appropriate taxing authority having full knowledge of all relevant information. The second step is to measure a tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not threshold. The tax position is measured as the largest amount of benefit, determined on a cumulative probability basis, that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The cumulative effect of initially applying the Interpretation must be reported as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the year of adoption.

The net impact to the Company of the cumulative effect of adopting FIN 48 was a decrease of approximately \$5.0 million in retained earnings.

At October 1, 2007, the Company's liability for unrecognized tax benefits, after the adoption of FIN 48, was \$4.6 million, of which \$4.3 million represents tax benefits that, if recognized, would favorably impact the effective tax rate. Unrecognized tax benefits increased to \$5.1 million at March 31, 2008, mainly due to increases occurring in the first six months related to tax positions taken during the current year. Included in this balance is \$4.8 million which, if recognized, would affect our effective tax rate.

The Company recognizes accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense, and penalties in other expense in the consolidated statements of income. At October 1, 2007 and March 31, 2008, the Company had accrued interest and penalties of \$2.0 million.

The Company files a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return, as well as income tax returns in various states and foreign jurisdictions. The tax years that remain open to examination by U.S. federal and state jurisdictions include fiscal years 2003 to 2007. Audits in foreign jurisdictions are generally complete through fiscal year 2001.

It is reasonably possible that the amount of the unrecognized tax benefit with respect to certain unrecognized tax positions will increase or decrease during the next 12 months; however, the Company does not expect the change to have a material effect on results of operations or financial position.

11. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

In conjunction with the Company's current drilling rig construction program, purchase commitments for equipment, parts and supplies of approximately \$131.1 million are outstanding at March 31, 2008.

Various legal actions, the majority of which arise in the ordinary course of business, are pending. The Company maintains insurance against certain business risks subject to certain deductibles. None of these legal actions are expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

The Company is contingently liable to sureties in respect of bonds issued by the sureties in connection with certain commitments entered into by the Company in the normal course of business. The Company has agreed to indemnify the sureties for any payments made by them in respect of such bonds.

12. Segment Information

The Company operates principally in the contract drilling industry. The Company's contract drilling business includes the following reportable operating segments: U.S. Land, Offshore, and International Land. The contract drilling operations consist mainly of contracting Company-owned drilling equipment primarily to major oil and gas exploration companies. The Company's primary international areas of operation include Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador and other South American countries. The International Land operations have similar services, have similar types of customers, operate in a consistent manner and have similar economic and regulatory characteristics. Therefore, the Company has aggregated its International Land operations into one reportable segment. The Company also has a Real Estate segment whose operations are conducted exclusively in the metropolitan area of Tulsa, Oklahoma. The key areas of operation include a shopping center and several multi-tenant warehouses. Each reportable segment is a strategic business unit which is managed separately. Other includes investments and corporate operations.

The Company evaluates segment performance based on income or loss from operations (segment operating income) before income taxes which includes:

- revenues from external and internal customers
- direct operating costs
- depreciation and
- allocated general and administrative costs

but excludes corporate costs for other depreciation, income from asset sales and other corporate income and expense.

General and administrative costs are allocated to the segments based primarily on specific identification and, to the extent that such identification is not practical, on other methods which the Company believes to be a reasonable reflection of the utilization of services provided.

Segment operating income is a non-GAAP financial measure of the Company's performance, as it excludes general and administrative expenses, corporate depreciation, income from asset sales and other corporate income and expense.

The Company considers segment operating income to be an important supplemental measure of operating performance by presenting trends in the Company's core businesses. This measure is used by the Company to facilitate period-to-period comparisons in operating performance of the Company's reportable segments in the aggregate by eliminating items that affect comparability between periods. The Company believes that segment operating income is useful to investors because it provides a means to evaluate the operating performance of the segments and the Company on an ongoing basis using criteria that are used by our internal decision makers. Additionally, it highlights operating trends and aids analytical comparisons. However, segment operating income has limitations and should not be used as an alternative to operating income or loss, a performance measure determined in accordance with GAAP, as it excludes certain costs that may affect the Company's operating performance in future periods.

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company began mobilizing an offshore rig from the U.S. to an international location. Because an offshore rig requires different technology and marketing strategies, the chief operating decision-maker's evaluation of performance and resource allocation for this rig is more appropriately aligned with the Offshore segment. Therefore the Company will continue to include the operations of this rig in the Offshore operating segment. Additionally, the Company determined that a management contract for a customer-owned platform rig located offshore in West Africa was more appropriately aligned with the Offshore segment for purposes of evaluating performance and resource allocation. Therefore, this management contract has been reclassified from the International segment to the Offshore segment for the quarter and year-to-date periods ending March 31, 2007. As a result, the International segment was renamed to International Land. Financial information for reportable segments for fiscal 2007 has been restated to reflect this change.

Summarized financial information of the Company's reportable segments for the six months ended March 31, 2008, and 2007, is shown in the following tables:

(in thousands)	External Sales		Inter- Segment						Total Sales		Segment Operating Income
March 31, 2008											
Contract Drilling:											
U.S. Land	\$ 712,907	\$	_	\$	712,907	\$	287,581				
Offshore	57,070		_		57,070		7,717				
International Land	154,359				154,359		33,908				
	924,336		_		924,336		329,206				
Real Estate	5,971		437		6,408		2,825				
	930,307		437		930,744		332,031				
Eliminations	_		(437)		(437)		_				
Total	\$ 930,307	\$	_	\$	930,307	\$	332,031				
(in thousands)	External Sales		Inter- Segment		Total Sales		Segment Operating Income				
	 						Operating				
(in thousands) March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling:	 						Operating				
March 31, 2007	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	Operating				
March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling:	\$ Sales	\$		\$	Sales	\$	Operating Income				
March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling: U.S. Land	\$ Sales 539,045	\$		\$	Sales 539,045	\$	Operating Income 228,190				
March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling: U.S. Land Offshore	\$ 539,045 64,457	\$		\$	539,045 64,457	\$	Operating Income 228,190 11,185				
March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling: U.S. Land Offshore	\$ 539,045 64,457 149,796	\$		\$	539,045 64,457 149,796	\$	Operating Income 228,190 11,185 43,948				
March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling: U.S. Land Offshore International Land	\$ 539,045 64,457 149,796 753,298	\$	Segment —	\$	539,045 64,457 149,796 753,298	\$	228,190 11,185 43,948 283,323				
March 31, 2007 Contract Drilling: U.S. Land Offshore International Land	\$ 539,045 64,457 149,796 753,298 5,637	\$	Segment	\$	539,045 64,457 149,796 753,298 6,042		228,190 11,185 43,948 283,323 2,428				

Summarized financial information of the Company's reportable segments for the three months ended March 31, 2008, and 2007, is shown in the following tables:

(in thousands)		External Sales	Inter- Segment		 Total Sales	Segment Operating Income	
March 31, 2008							
Contract Drilling:							
U.S. Land	\$	365,263	\$	_	\$ 365,263	\$ 143,740	
Offshore		29,789			29,789	3,603	
International Land		75,757		<u> </u>	75,757	12,752	
		470,809		_	470,809	160,095	
Real Estate		2,835		224	3,059	1,301	
		473,644		224	473,868	161,396	
Eliminations		_		(224)	(224)	_	
Total	\$	473,644	\$	_	\$ 473,644	\$ 161,396	
(in thousands)		External Sales		Inter- Segment	Total Sales	Segment Operating Income	
March 31, 2007							
Contract Drilling:							
U.S. Land	\$	269,145	\$	_	\$ 269,145	\$ 109,782	
Offshore		28,703		_	28,703	3,805	
International Land		71,950		<u> </u>	71,950	19,874	
		369,798		_	369,798	133,461	
Real Estate		2,738		207	2,738	961	
		372,536		207	372,536	134,422	
Eliminations		_		(207)	(207)	_	
Total	\$	372,536	\$		\$ 372,536	\$ 134,422	
	16						

The following table reconciles segment operating income per the table above to income before income taxes and equity in income of affiliate as reported on the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income.

		Three Months Ended March 31,					Months Ended March 31,			
		2008		2007		2008		2007		
				(in th	iousai	nds)				
Segment operating income	\$	161,396	\$	134,422	\$	332,031	\$	285,751		
Gain from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets		´ —		5,170		4,810		5,170		
Income from asset sales		1,946		32,336		2,788		32,822		
Corporate general and administrative costs and corporate		·		·						
depreciation		(7,672)		(7,644)		(15,326)		(12,805)		
Operating income		155,670		164,284		324,303		310,938		
•						<u> </u>				
Other income (expense):										
Interest and dividend income		1,220		1,034		2,335		2,278		
Interest expense		(4,773)		(1,913)		(9,604)		(2,832)		
Gain on sale of investment securities		5,476		177		5,606		26,514		
Other		180		66		(436)		130		
Total other income (expense)		2,103		(636)		(2,099)		26,090		
, ,										
Income before income taxes and equity in income of affiliate	\$	157,773	\$	163,648	\$	322,204	\$	337,028		
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	7	<u> </u>			7		
						March 31, 2008		eptember 30, 2007		
T - 1 4						(in t	housan	nds)		
Total Assets					Φ.	2 207 002	Ф	2.052.015		
U.S. Land					\$	2,307,092	\$	2,073,015		
Offshore						154,895		124,014		
International Land						335,124		314,625		

The following table presents revenues from external customers by country based on the location of service provided.

Real Estate

Other

		Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Mo Ma	onths En	
		2008		2007		2008		2007
				(in tl	housar	nds)		_
Operating revenues								
United States	\$	396,899	\$	295,945	\$	774,451	\$	599,730
Venezuela		38,050		22,832		79,705		46,732
Ecuador		14,225		25,597		33,517		52,545
Other Foreign		24,470		28,162		42,634		59,928
Total	\$	473,644	\$	372,536	\$	930,307	\$	758,935
	17							

2,797,111

29,823

329,184

3,156,118

2,511,654

30,351

343,364

2,885,369

13. Pensions and Other Post-retirement Benefits

The following provides information at March 31, 2008 and 2007 related to the Company-sponsored domestic defined benefit pension plan.

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

	 Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months En March 31		
	2008 2007			2008		2007	
	 	,	(in thou	sands))		
Service Cost	\$ _	\$	_	\$	— \$	_	
Interest Cost	1,189		1,216		2,379	2,432	
Expected return on plan assets	(1,458)		(1,281)		(2,916)	(2,562)	
Recognized net actuarial loss	(3)		35		(6)	70	
Net pension expense	\$ (272)	\$	(30)	\$	(543) \$	(60)	

Plan Assets

The weighted-average asset allocations for the pension plan by asset category follow:

At March 31,	2008	2007
Asset Category		
Equity Securities	75.7%	77.2%
Debt Securities	22.9%	20.5%
Real Estate and Other	1.4%	2.3%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Employer Contributions

The Company does not anticipate that it will be required to fund the Pension Plan in fiscal 2008. However, the Company expects to make discretionary contributions to fund distributions in lieu of liquidating pension assets. The Company estimates contributing \$3.0 million in fiscal 2008. Through March 31, 2008, the Company had contributed \$1.5 million to the Pension Plan. Subsequent to March 31, 2008, the Company contributed an additional \$750,000 to the Plan.

Foreign Plan

The Company maintains an unfunded pension plan in one of the international subsidiaries. Pension expense was approximately \$92,000 and \$67,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Pension expense was approximately \$131,000 and \$157,000 for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

14. Risk Factors

The Company derives its revenue in Venezuela from Petroleos de Venezuela, S.A. (PDVSA), the Venezuelan state-owned petroleum company. The Company is exposed to risks of currency devaluation in Venezuela primarily as a result of bolivar fuerte (Bsf) receivable and Bsf cash balances.

The net receivable from PDVSA, as disclosed in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, was approximately \$50 million at November 1, 2007. At March 31, 2008, the net receivable from PDVSA was approximately \$54 million. As of May 1, 2008, the net receivable from PDVSA was approximately \$59 million. The Company continues to communicate with PDVSA regarding the settlement of the outstanding receivables and at this time, has no reason to believe the amounts will not be paid.

The Company continues the application process with the Venezuelan government requesting the approval to convert bolivar fuerte cash balances to U.S. dollars. Upon approval from the Venezuelan government, the Company's Venezuelan subsidiary will remit approximately \$8.3 million as a dividend to its U.S. based parent and repatriate additional paid-in capital of approximately \$23 million.

While the Company has been successful in obtaining government approval for conversion of bolivare fuerte to U.S. dollars, there is no guarantee that future conversion to U.S. dollars will be permitted. In the event that conversion to U.S. dollars would be prohibited, then bolivar fuerte cash balances would increase and expose the Company to increased risk of devaluation.

Past devaluation losses may not be reflective of the potential for future devaluation losses. Even though Venezuela continues to operate under the exchange controls in place and the Venezuelan bolivar fuerte exchange rate has remained fixed at Bfs 2.150 to one U.S. dollar since the devaluation in March 2005, the exact amount and timing of devaluation is uncertain. At May 1, 2008, the Company had the equivalent of \$36 million in cash in Bsf's exposed to the risk of currency devaluation.

While the Company is unable to predict future devaluation in Venezuela, if current activity levels continue and if a 10 percent to 20 percent devaluation were to occur, the Company could experience potential currency devaluation losses ranging from approximately \$5.3 million to \$9.6 million.

As disclosed in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Ecuadorian government was negotiating with the Company's customers to resolve contract disputes created by a government decree that modified the original contracts for splitting profits on oil production. The negotiations have resulted in some operators returning to the Ecuadorian market. Currently, the Company has two rigs working in Ecuador and four rigs are idle. One of the four idle rigs has a contract and is expected to return to work during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Two rigs that were in Ecuador have been transferred from Ecuador to Colombia with work expected to begin in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

15. Gain Contingencies

In August 2007, the Company experienced a fire on U.S. Land Rig 178, a 1,500 horsepower FlexRig2, when the well it was drilling had a blowout. There were no significant personal injuries although the drilling rig was lost. The rig was insured at a value that approximated replacement cost. At September 30, 2007, the net book value of the rig was removed from property, plant and equipment and a receivable from insurance was recorded, net of a \$1.0 million insurance deductible expensed. During the six months ended March 31, 2008, gross insurance proceeds of approximately \$8.5 million were received and a gain of approximately \$4.8 million was recorded. The Company anticipates settling the insurance claim in fiscal 2008 and expects to receive additional insurance proceeds of less than \$0.5 million.

In August 2005, the Company's Rig 201, which operates on an operator's tension-leg platform in the Gulf of Mexico, lost its entire derrick and suffered significant damage as a result of Hurricane Katrina. The rig was insured at a value that approximated replacement cost. Capital costs incurred in conjunction with rebuilding the rig were capitalized in fiscal 2007 and are being depreciated in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Insurance proceeds received through September 30, 2007 totaled approximately \$19.3 million with approximately \$16.7 recorded as a gain from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets. During the six months ending March 31, 2008, no proceeds were received and no gain recorded. The Company continues to work with insurance providers on claims. Any future proceeds received will be recorded as gain from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets when received. The Company expects to settle this claim in fiscal 2008 and estimates additional proceeds to range from \$5 million to \$10 million.

16. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* and SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements-an amendment of ARB No. 51*. Both of these standards are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. SFAS No. 141(R) will be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring after the effective date. Earlier application is prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting SFAS No. 160 but does not expect its adoption to have a significant impact.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115.* SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating whether the elective provisions of SFAS No. 159 will be adopted.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* (the FSP). The FSP amends SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, to delay the effective date of SFAS 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (that is, at least annually). For items within its scope, the FSP defers the effective date of SFAS No. 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating SFAS No. 157 and FAS 157-2 to determine the impact, if any, on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

RISK FACTORS AND FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated condensed financial statements and related notes included elsewhere herein and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The Company's future operating results may be affected by various trends and factors, which are beyond the Company's control. These include, among other factors, fluctuations in natural gas and crude oil prices, early termination of drilling contracts, forfeiture of early termination payments under fixed term contracts due to sustained unacceptable performance, unsuccessful collection of receivables, including Venezuelan receivables, inability to procure key rig components, failure to timely deliver rigs within applicable grace periods, disruption to or cessation of business of the Company's limited source vendors or fabricators, currency exchange losses, changes in general economic and political conditions, adverse weather conditions including hurricanes, rapid or unexpected changes in technologies, and uncertain business conditions that affect the Company's businesses. Accordingly, past results and trends should not be used by investors to anticipate future results or trends. The Company's risk factors are more fully described in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K. No material changes in the risk factors have occurred.

With the exception of historical information, the matters discussed in Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations include forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on various assumptions. The Company cautions that, while it believes such assumptions to be reasonable and makes them in good faith, assumptions about future events and conditions almost always vary from actual results. The differences between good faith assumptions and actual results can be material. The Company is including this cautionary statement to take advantage of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 for any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, the Company. The factors identified in this cautionary statement are important factors (but not necessarily all important factors) that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by, or on behalf of, the Company.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 vs. Three Months Ended March 31, 2007

The Company reported net income of \$102.1 million (\$0.96 per diluted share) from operating revenues of \$473.6 million for the second quarter ended March 31, 2008, compared with net income of \$106.9 million (\$1.02 per diluted share) from operating revenues of \$372.5 million for the second quarter of fiscal year 2007. Net income for the second quarter of fiscal 2008 includes approximately \$3.3 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from the sale of available-for-sale securities and approximately \$1.2 million (\$0.01 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from the sales of assets. Net income for the second quarter of fiscal 2007 includes approximately \$20.5 million (\$0.20 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from the sale of assets and approximately \$3.3 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets.

The following tables summarize operations by business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007. The Offshore and International Land segments for the three and six months ended March 31, 2007 have been restated to reflect a change made to the reportable operating segments in the fourth fiscal quarter of 2007. Operating statistics in the tables exclude the effects of offshore platform and international management contracts, and do not include reimbursements of "out-of-pocket" expenses in revenue, expense and margin per day calculations. Per day calculations for international operations also exclude gains and losses from translation of foreign currency transactions. Segment operating income is described in detail in Note 12 to the consolidated condensed financial statements.

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2008		2007		
		(in tho	usands	,		
U.S. LAND OPERATIONS	e:	xcept days and p	per day	y amounts)		
Revenues	\$	365,263	\$	269,145		
Direct operating expenses		181,757		132,399		
General and administrative expense		4,257		3,151		
Depreciation		35,509		23,813		
Segment operating income	\$	143,740	\$	109,782		
Revenue days		14,272		11,156		
Average rig revenue per day	\$	24,415	\$	23,032		
Average rig expense per day	\$	11,557	\$	10,774		
Average rig margin per day	\$	12,858	\$	12,258		
Rig utilization		94%)	97%		

U.S. LAND segment operating income increased to \$143.7 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2008 compared to \$109.8 million in the same period of fiscal 2007. Revenues were \$365.3 million and \$269.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. Included in U.S. land revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 are reimbursements for "out-of-pocket" expenses of \$16.8 million and \$12.2 million, respectively. The \$33.9 million increase in segment operating income was primarily the result of increased revenue days as a result of adding new rigs to the segment.

Average U.S. land rig margin per day increased 4.9 percent for the comparable quarters. U.S. land rig utilization was 94 percent and 97 percent for the second quarter of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. U.S. land rig activity days for the second quarter of fiscal 2008 were 14,272 compared with 11,156 for the same period of fiscal 2007, with an average of 156.8 and 124.0 rigs working during the second quarter of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. The increase in rig days and average rigs working is attributable to 34 new rigs entering the fleet since the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2007.

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2008		2007
		(in thousands,		
OFFSHORE OPERATIONS	ex	cept days and p	oer da	y amounts)
Revenues	\$	29,789	\$	28,703
Direct operating expenses		21,918		20,709
General and administrative expense		1,114		1,500
Depreciation		3,154		2,689
Segment operating income	\$	3,603	\$	3,805
Revenue days		514		522
Average rig revenue per day	\$	41,209	\$	29,603
Average rig expense per day	\$	29,144	\$	19,885
Average rig margin per day	\$	12,065	\$	9,718
Rig utilization		65%)	64%

OFFSHORE revenues include reimbursements for "out-of-pocket" expenses of \$3.3 million and \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Segment operating income declined in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2007 primarily as a result of increased depreciation associated with capital improvements to the rig fleet.

Although there was a decrease in revenue days due to two rigs working in the second quarter of fiscal 2007 that, during the second quarter of 2008, were preparing for work under new contracts, average rig margin increased 24 percent for the comparable quarters. The increase is due to one rig that completed a contract at the beginning of the second quarter of fiscal 2007 working the entire second quarter of fiscal 2008. Additionally, another rig earned a full dayrate in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 compared to a lower standby rate in the second quarter of fiscal 2007.

At March 31, 2008, the Company had six of its nine platform rigs working. One rig is contracted and began operations during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Another rig began operations in Trinidad during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. The ninth rig is currently in the yard undergoing capital improvement and is expected to return to work with a contract in the second quarter of fiscal 2009.

	Three Month	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2008		2007	
INTERNATIONAL LAND OPERATIONS		in thousands, except days and per day amounts)		
Revenues	\$ 75,75	7 \$	71,950	
Direct operating expenses	50,12)	45,704	
General and administrative expense	1,30)	1,031	
Depreciation	11,57	5	5,341	
Segment operating income	\$ 12,75	\$	19,874	
Revenue days	1,79.	5	2,262	
Average rig revenue per day	\$ 39,69	5 \$	27,001	
Average rig expense per day	\$ 25,299	\$	15,722	
Average rig margin per day	\$ 14,39	5 \$	11,279	
Rig utilization	7:	3%	93%	

INTERNATIONAL LAND segment operating income for the second quarter of fiscal 2008 was \$12.8 million, compared to \$19.9 million in the same period of fiscal 2007. Rig utilization for international land operations was 73 percent for the second quarter of fiscal 2008, compared with 93 percent for the second quarter of fiscal 2007. During the current quarter, an average of 19.7 rigs worked compared to an average of 25.1 rigs in the second quarter of fiscal 2007. International land revenues were \$75.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2008, compared with \$72.0 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2007. The increase in revenue is attributable to increased dayrates from contract renewals, primarily in Venezuela, during the second quarter of fiscal 2007. Second quarter average rig expense per day for fiscal 2008 increased 61 percent from the second quarter of fiscal 2007, primarily from labor cost increases in international markets that were linked to increased dayrates. Additionally, rig utilization decreased and segment operating income decreased as idle rigs continued to incur operating expenses and depreciation. Depreciation and operating income for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 were negatively impacted by an adjustment of approximately \$5.9 million, related to prior years' depreciation. Included in international land revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 are reimbursements for "out-of-pocket" expenses of \$4.5 million and \$10.8 million, respectively.

As disclosed in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Ecuadorian government was negotiating with the Company's customers to resolve contract disputes created by a government decree that modified the original contracts for splitting profits on oil production. The negotiations have resulted in some operators returning to the Ecuadorian market. Currently, the Company has two rigs working in Ecuador and four rigs are idle. One of the four idle rigs has a contract and is expected to return to work during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Two rigs that were in Ecuador are currently being transferred from Ecuador to Colombia with work expected to begin in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

OTHER

General and administrative expenses increased to \$14.1 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 from \$13.4 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2007. The \$0.7 million increase is primarily due to additions in employee count that has resulted in an increase in employee compensation, including taxes and benefits, compared to the same period in 2007.

Interest expense was \$4.8 million and \$1.9 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. Capitalized interest, all attributable to the Company's rig construction, was \$1.2 million and \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. With advances on the credit facility, interest expense before capitalized interest increased \$1.5 million during the second quarter of fiscal 2008 compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2007.

Income from the sale of investment securities was \$5.5 million, \$3.3 million after-tax (\$0.03 per diluted share) in the second quarter of fiscal 2008. In the second quarter of fiscal 2007, income from the sale of investment securities had no effect on diluted earnings per share.

Six Months Ended March 31, 2008 vs. Six Months Ended March 31, 2007

The Company reported net income of \$209.9 million (\$1.98 per diluted share) from operating revenues of \$930.3 million for the six months ended March 31, 2008, compared with net income of \$217.6 million (\$2.08 per diluted share) from operating revenues of \$758.9 million for the first six months of fiscal year 2007. Net income for the first six months of fiscal 2008 includes \$3.4 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from the sale of available-for-sale securities. The proceeds from the sale of securities in the six months ending March 31, 2008 were used to fund capital expenditures. Net income for the first six months of fiscal 2007 includes \$16.3 million (\$0.15 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from the sale of available-for-sale securities. The proceeds from the sale were used to repurchase 681,900 shares of Company common stock for approximately \$15.9 million in October 2006 and funding capital expenditures. Also included in net income are after-tax gains from the sale of assets of approximately \$1.8 million (\$0.01 per diluted share) for the six months ended March 31, 2008, compared to approximately \$20.8 million (\$0.21 per diluted share) for the six months ended March 31, 2007. Also included in net income for fiscal 2008 is approximately \$3.1 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets compared to approximately \$3.3 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) of after-tax gains from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets in fiscal 2007.

The following tables summarize operations by business segment for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007. Operating statistics in the tables exclude the effects of offshore platform and international management contracts, and do not include reimbursements of "out-of-pocket" expenses in revenue, expense and margin per day calculations. Per day calculations for international operations also exclude gains and losses from translation of foreign currency transactions. Segment operating income is described in detail in Note 12 to the financial statements.

		Six Months Ended March 31,		
		2008		2007
		(in thousands,		
U.S. LAND OPERATIONS	ex	cept days and	per da	y amounts)
Revenues	\$	712,907	\$	539,045
Direct operating expenses		347,322		259,756
General and administrative expense		8,651		6,603
Depreciation		69,353		44,496
Segment operating income	\$	287,581	\$	228,190
Revenue days		28,159		21,704
Average rig revenue per day	\$	24,213	\$	23,615
Average rig expense per day	\$	11,231	\$	10,747
Average rig margin per day	\$	12,982	\$	12,868
Rig utilization		94%	ó	98%

U.S. LAND segment operating income in the first six months of fiscal 2008 increased to \$287.6 million from \$228.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007.

Revenues were \$712.9 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008, compared with \$539.0 million in the same period of fiscal 2007. Included in U.S. land revenues for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007 are reimbursements for "out-of-pocket" expenses of \$31.1 million and \$26.5 million, respectively. The \$59.4 million increase in segment operating income was primarily the result of higher land rig margins and increased activity days.

U.S. land rig revenue days for the first six months of 2008 were 28,159 compared with 21,704 for the same period of 2007, with an average of 153.9 and 119.3 rigs working during the first six months of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. The increase in rig days and average rigs working is attributable to new build rigs entering the fleet in fiscal 2007 and 2008.

	Six Mo	Six Months Ended March 31,		
	2008	2008 2007 (in thousands,		
OFFSHORE OPERATIONS	except da	ys and per d	lay amounts)	
Revenues	\$ 5	7,070 \$	64,457	
Direct operating expenses	4	1,129	44,847	
General and administrative expense		2,212	2,958	
Depreciation		6,012	5,467	
Segment operating income	\$	7,717 \$	11,185	
Revenue days		974	1,110	
Average rig revenue per day	\$ 4	1,503 \$	34,488	
Average rig expense per day	\$ 2	8,207 \$	22,012	
Average rig margin per day	\$ 1	3,296 \$	12,476	
Rig utilization		60%	68%	

U.S. OFFSHORE operating revenues, direct operating expenses and segment operating income decreased due to lower activity. Included in offshore revenues for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007 are reimbursements for "out-of-pocket" expenses of \$6.2 million and \$7.5 million, respectively. Segment operating income decreased to \$7.7 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008 from \$11.2 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007. Rig days were 974 and 1,110 for the first six months of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. The decrease in days is primarily due to two rigs preparing for work under new contracts in fiscal 2008 that were working during the six months ended March 31, 2007.

At March 31, 2008, the Company had six of its nine platform rigs working. One rig is contracted and began operations during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. Another rig began operations in Trinidad during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. The ninth rig is currently in the yard undergoing capital improvement and is expected to return to work with a contract in the second quarter of fiscal 2009.

	Six Months Ended March 31,			
		2008		2007
INTERNATIONAL LAND OPERATIONS	ex	in thousands, except days and per day amounts)		
Revenues	\$	154,359	\$	149,796
Direct operating expenses		100,911		93,364
General and administrative expense		2,238		1,594
Depreciation		17,302		10,890
Segment operating income	\$	33,908	\$	43,948
Revenue days		3,776		4,628
Average rig revenue per day	\$	36,981	\$	27,354
Average rig expense per day	\$	22,704	\$	15,291
Average rig margin per day	\$	14,277	\$	12,063
Rig utilization		77%)	95%

INTERNATIONAL LAND segment operating income in the first six months of fiscal 2008 was \$33.9 million, compared to \$43.9 million in the same period of 2007. Depreciation and operating income for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 were negatively impacted by an adjustment of approximately \$5.9 million, related to prior years' depreciation. Rig utilization for international land operations averaged 77 percent for the first six months of fiscal 2008, compared with 95 percent for the first six months of fiscal 2007. An average of 20.7 rigs worked during the first six months of fiscal 2008, compared to 25.6 rigs in the first six months of fiscal 2007. International revenues were \$154.4 million and \$149.8 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. The overall increase in margins per day was primarily the result of dayrate increases in several foreign markets. Included in International land revenues for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 are reimbursements for "out-of-pocket" expenses of \$14.7 million and \$23.0 million, respectively.

Direct operating expenses for the first six months of fiscal 2008 were up eight percent from the first six months of fiscal 2007 as several international markets incurred labor cost increases and as idle rigs continued to incur operating expenses.

OTHER

General and administrative expenses increased to \$28.0 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008 from \$24.0 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007. The \$4.0 million increase is primarily attributable to additions in employee count that has resulted in an increase in employee compensation, including taxes and benefits, compared to the same period in 2007.

Interest expense was \$9.6 million and \$2.8 million for the six months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. With advances on the credit facility to fund capital expenditures and growth, interest expense before capitalized interest increased \$4.7 million for the six months ended March 31, 2008, compared to the six months ended March 31, 2007. During these same comparable periods, capitalized interest related to the Company's rig construction decreased \$2.1 million as fewer new rigs are built in fiscal 2008 compared to fiscal 2007.

In the first six months of fiscal 2008, income from the sale of investment securities was \$5.6 million, \$3.4 million after-tax (\$0.03 per diluted share). Income from the sale of investment securities was \$26.5 million, \$16.3 million after-tax (\$0. 15 per diluted share) in the first six months of fiscal 2007. The gain in both periods was from the sale of available-for-sale investments.

Income from asset sales decreased to \$2.8 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008, compared to \$32.8 million for the same period of fiscal 2007. The decrease of \$30.0 million is primarily due to the sale of two domestic offshore rigs in fiscal 2007.

In the first six months of fiscal 2008, the Company recorded income of approximately \$4.8 million from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets as a result of insurance proceeds on Rig 178 that was lost in a well blowout fire in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007.

In fiscal 2007, the Company recorded income of \$5.2 million from involuntary conversion of long-lived assets that sustained significant damage as a result of hurricane Katrina in 2005.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity

Cash and cash equivalents increased to \$90.7 million at March 31, 2008 from \$89.2 million at September 30, 2007. The following table provides a summary of cash flows for the six-month periods ended March 31 (in thousands):

Net Cash provided (used) by:

	2008	2007
Operating activities	\$ 263,255	\$ 245,865
Investing activities	(301,774)	(305,757)
Financing activities	40,040	115,179
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,521	\$ 55,287

Operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities increased \$17.4 million for the six months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the same period ended March 31, 2007. This is primarily due to the net effect of a reduction in accounts payable in fiscal 2008 and gain on sale of investment securities in fiscal 2007. The accounts payable decrease at March 31, 2008 is a result of reduced capital spending associated with the construction of FlexRigs. In the six months ended March 31, 2007, the Company had gains from investment securities and sales of assets of \$59.2 million compared to gains of \$8.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008.

Investing activities

Capital expenditures decreased \$112.2 million as the building of new FlexRigs was at a reduced pace in the first six months of fiscal 2008 compared to the first six months of fiscal 2007. Proceeds from sales of investments, sales of assets and involuntary conversion of long-lived assets decreased \$108.0 million. This decrease is primarily due to the sale of available-for-sale securities and auction rate securities in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 that were used to help fund capital expenditures.

Financing activities

The Company's net proceeds from long-term debt and notes payable totaled \$35 million in the first six months of fiscal 2008 compared to \$151 million in the first six months of fiscal 2007. However, in fiscal 2007, the Company purchased treasury shares for \$17.6 million and reduced bank overdraft positions of \$10.2 million.

Other Liquidity

The Company's operating cash requirements and estimated capital expenditures, including rig construction, for fiscal 2008 will be funded through current cash, cash provided from operating activities, funds available under the credit facilities and, if needed, sales of available-forsale securities. The Company's indebtedness totaled \$480 million at March 31, 2008, as described in Note 9 to the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Backlog

The Company's contract drilling backlog, consisting of executed contracts with original terms in excess of one year, as of May 1, 2008 and October 31, 2007 was \$1.854 billion and \$1.969 billion, respectively. Approximately 75.7 percent of the May 1, 2008 backlog is not reasonably expected to be filled in fiscal 2008. Term contracts customarily provide for termination at the election of the customer with an "early termination payment" to be paid to the Company if a contract is terminated prior to the expiration of the fixed term. However, under certain limited circumstances, such as destruction of a drilling rig, bankruptcy, sustained unacceptable performance by the Company, or delivery of a rig beyond certain grace and/or liquidated damage periods, no early termination payment would be paid to the Company. In addition, a portion of the backlog represents term contracts for new rigs that will be constructed in the future. The Company obtains certain key rig components from a single or limited number of vendors or fabricators. Certain of these vendors or fabricators are thinly capitalized independent companies located on the Texas Gulf Coast. Therefore, disruptions in rig component deliveries may occur. Accordingly, the actual amount of revenue earned may vary from the backlog reported. See "Fixed Term Contract Risk", "Limited Number of Vendors", "Thinly Capitalized Vendors" and "Operating and Weather Risks" under Item "1A. Risk Factors" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 26, 2007.

The following table sets forth the total backlog by reportable segment as of May 1, 2008 and October 31, 2007, and the percentage of the May 1, 2008 backlog not reasonably expected to be filled in fiscal 2008:

Reportable	Total Backlog			,	Percentage Not Reasonably
Segment	05/01/2008		10/31/2007		Expected to be Filled in Fiscal 2008
	(in billions)			<u> </u>	
Land	\$	1.616	\$	1.696	74.7%
Offshore	Ψ	.223	Ψ	.234	88.1%
International		.015		.039	0.0%
	\$	1.854	\$	1.969	
		-0			
		28			

Capital Resources

During the six months ended March 31, 2008, the Company committed to build 17 new FlexRigs. Seven of the new rigs will work in Latin American locations and the remaining ten will be deployed in locations in the United States. Five of the seventeen rigs will operate under five-year term contracts and the remaining twelve under three-year term contracts. Subsequent to March 31, 2008, the Company announced contracts had been signed for an additional three rigs to be built. These 20, along with the 77 rigs announced in fiscal years 2005, 2006 and 2007 brings the Company's commitment to a total of 97 new FlexRigs. The drilling services are performed on a daywork contract basis. Through March 31, 2008, 84 rigs were completed for delivery and had begun field operations. The remaining rigs are expected to be completed by the end of calendar 2008.

Capital expenditures were \$321.7 million and \$433.9 million for the first six months of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. Capital expenditures decreased from 2007 primarily due to the Company's current construction program of new FlexRigs being at a reduced pace than the previous year as rigs committed to build were completed.

The Company anticipates capital expenditures to be approximately \$650 million for fiscal 2008, including construction of new FlexRigs.

There were no other significant changes in the Company's financial position since September 30, 2007.

MATERIAL COMMITMENTS

Material commitments as reported in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K have not changed significantly with the exception of obligations that have been recorded for uncertain tax positions upon adoption of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* ("FIN 48") as of October 1, 2007. Upon adoption of FIN 48 at October 1, 2007, the Company recorded \$5.3 million of obligations for uncertain tax positions and related interest and penalties. At March 31, 2008, the Company had \$7.1 million recorded for uncertain tax positions and related interest and penalties. However, the timing of such payments to the respective taxing authorities cannot be estimated at this time.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's accounting policies that are "critical" or the most important, to understand the Company's financial condition and results of operations and that require management of the Company to make the most difficult judgments are described in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes in these critical accounting policies other than the adoption of FIN 48, on October 1, 2007. The adoption of FIN 48 resulted in an increase in the Company's liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$3.3 million and accrued penalties and interest of \$2.0 million. The total \$5.0 million, net of deferred taxes of \$0.3 million, was accounted for as a decrease to the September 30, 2007 retained earnings balance. See Note 10 to the Company's consolidated condensed financial statements for additional information and related disclosures.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* and SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements-an amendment of ARB No. 51.* Both of these standards are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. SFAS No. 141(R) will be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring after the effective date. Earlier application is prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting SFAS No. 160 but does not expect its adoption to have a significant impact.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* . SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating whether the elective provisions of SFAS No. 159 will be adopted.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* (the FSP). The FSP amends SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, to delay the effective date of SFAS 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (that is, at least annually). For items within its scope, the FSP defers the effective date of SFAS No. 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating SFAS No. 157 and FAS 157-2 to determine the impact, if any, on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION March 31, 2008

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For a description of the Company's market risks, see

- "Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 28, 2007;
- Note 9 to the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements contained in Item 1 of Part I hereof with regard to interest rate risk is incorporated herein by reference; and
- Note 14 to the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements contained in Item 1 of Part I hereof with regard to credit risk is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was performed with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2008, at ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 4. SUBISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Helmerich & Payne, Inc. was held on March 5, 2008. Proxies for the meeting were solicited by and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Helmerich & Payne, Inc., and there was no solicitation in opposition to such solicitation. The matter presented for vote received the following for and withheld votes as noted below:

To elect two Directors comprising the class of Directors of the Company known as the "Second Class" for a three-year term expiring in 2011. Each of the nominees for directorship was elected by the affirmative vote of a plurality of the shares of voted common stock. The number of votes for and withheld from each Director, respectively, were as follows: William L. Armstrong 91,856,598 for and 1,977,446 shares withheld; and John D. Zeglis 91,164,496 for and 2,669,548 shares withheld. There were no broker non-votes or other abstentions. The other Directors whose term of office as Director continued after the meeting are W.H. Helmerich, III, Hans Helmerich, Glen A. Cox, Edward B. Rust, Jr., Paula Marshall and Randy A. Foutch.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

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The following documents are included as exhibits to this Form 10-Q. Those exhibits below incorporated by reference herein are indicated as such by the information supplied in the parenthetical thereafter. If no parenthetical appears after an exhibit, such exhibit is filed or furnished herewith.

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1 31.2 32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Certification of Chief Financial Officer, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HELMERICH & PAYNE, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: May 6, 2008 By: /S/ HANS C HELMERICH

Hans C. Helmerich, President

Date: May 6, 2008 By: /S/ DOUGLAS E. FEARS

Douglas E. Fears, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

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32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to
	Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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CERTIFICATION

I, Hans Helmerich, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-O of Helmerich & Payne, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our
 conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by
 this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2008

/S/HANS HELMERICH

Hans Helmerich, Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

- I, Douglas E. Fears, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-O of Helmerich & Payne, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our
 conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by
 this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2008

/S/DOUGLAS E. FEARS

Douglas E. Fears, Chief Financial Officer

Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Helmerich & Payne, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Hans Helmerich, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Douglas E. Fears, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/S/HANS HELMERICH /S/DOUGLAS E. FEARS
Hans Helmerich Douglas E. Fears
Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer
May 6, 2008 May 6, 2008